



# CHEMICAL NAMES AND FORMULAS

## PRACTICE PROBLEMS

*In your notebook, solve the following problems.*

### SECTION 6.1 INTRODUCTION TO CHEMICAL BONDING

1. Give the name and symbol of the ion formed when
  - a. a chlorine atom gains one electron.
  - b. a potassium atom loses one electron.
  - c. an oxygen atom gains two electrons.
  - d. a barium atom loses two electrons.
2. How many electrons are lost or gained in forming each ion?
  - a.  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$
  - b.  $\text{Br}^-$
  - c.  $\text{Ag}^+$
  - d.  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$
3. Classify each of the following as a cation, anion, or atom.
  - a. Be
  - b.  $\text{Na}^+$
  - c.  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$
  - d.  $\text{I}^-$
  - e.  $\text{O}^{2-}$
  - f.  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$
  - g.  $\text{Cs}^+$
  - h. Ne
4. Classify each of the following as a molecular compound or an ionic compound.
  - a.  $\text{CO}_2$
  - b.  $\text{N}_2$
  - c. NaCl
  - d.  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
  - e.  $\text{MgCl}_2$
5. What types of elements tend to combine to form molecular compounds?

### SECTION 6.2 REPRESENTING CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS

- i) Identify the number and kinds of atoms present in a molecule of each compound.
- a. citric acid,  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{O}_7$
  - b. chloroform,  $\text{CHCl}_3$
  - c. glycine,  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NO}_2$
  - d. sulfur hexafluoride,  $\text{SF}_6$

## SECTION 6.3 IONIC CHARGES

- What is the charge on the ion typically formed by each element?
  - oxygen
  - iodine
  - sodium
  - aluminum
  - nickel, 2 electrons lost
  - magnesium
- How many electrons does the neutral atom gain or lose when each ion forms?
  - $\text{Cr}^{3+}$
  - $\text{P}^{3-}$
  - $\text{Li}^+$
  - $\text{Ca}^{2+}$
  - $\text{Cl}^-$
  - $\text{O}^{2-}$
- Name each ion. Identify each as a cation or anion.
  - $\text{Sn}^{2+}$
  - $\text{Co}^{3+}$
  - $\text{Br}^-$
  - $\text{K}^+$
  - $\text{H}^-$
  - $\text{Mn}^{2+}$
- Write the formula (including charge) for each ion. Use Table 6.4 if necessary.
  - carbonate ion
  - nitrate ion
  - sulfate ion
  - hydroxide ion
  - chromate ion
  - ammonium ion
- Name the following ions. Identify each as a cation or anion.
  - $\text{CN}^-$
  - $\text{HCO}_3^-$
  - $\text{PO}_4^{3-}$
  - $\text{Cl}^-$
  - $\text{Ca}^{2+}$
  - $\text{SO}_3^{2-}$

## SECTION 6.4 IONIC COMPOUNDS

- Write the formulas for these binary ionic compounds.
  - magnesium oxide
  - tin(II) fluoride
  - potassium iodide
  - aluminum chloride
  - sodium sulfide
  - ferric bromide
- Write the formulas for the compounds formed from these pairs of ions.
  - $\text{Ba}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Cl}^-$
  - $\text{Ag}^+$ ,  $\text{I}^-$
  - $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{S}^{2-}$
  - $\text{K}^+$ ,  $\text{Br}^-$
  - $\text{Al}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{O}^{2-}$
  - $\text{Fe}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{O}^{2-}$
- Name the following binary ionic compounds.
  - $\text{MnO}_2$
  - $\text{Li}_3\text{N}$
  - $\text{CaCl}_2$
  - $\text{SrBr}_2$
  - $\text{NiCl}_2$
  - $\text{K}_2\text{S}$
  - $\text{CuCl}_2$
  - $\text{SnCl}_4$

4. Write formulas for the following ternary ionic compounds.
- |                      |                      |                         |
|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| a. sodium phosphate  | c. sodium hydroxide  | e. ammonium chloride    |
| b. magnesium sulfate | d. potassium cyanide | f. potassium dichromate |
5. Write formulas for compounds formed from these pairs of ions.
- |   |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| a. $\text{NH}_4^+$ , $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$ | c. barium ion and hydroxide ion  |
| b. $\text{K}^+$ , $\text{NO}_3^-$       | d. lithium ion and carbonate ion |
6. Name the following compounds.
- |                    |                             |                             |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| a. NaCN            | c. $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ | e. $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$ |
| b. $\text{FeCl}_3$ | d. $\text{K}_3\text{CO}_3$  | f. $\text{LiNO}_3$          |

## SECTION 6.5 MOLECULAR COMPOUNDS AND ACIDS

1. Name the following molecular compounds.
- |                   |                           |                           |                            |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| a. $\text{PCl}_5$ | c. $\text{NO}_2$          | e. $\text{P}_4\text{O}_6$ | g. $\text{SiO}_2$          |
| b. $\text{CCl}_4$ | d. $\text{N}_2\text{F}_2$ | f. $\text{XeF}_2$         | h. $\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_7$ |
2. Write the formulas for the following binary molecular compounds.
- |                        |                             |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| a. nitrogen tribromide | c. sulfur dioxide           |
| b. dichlorine monoxide | d. dinitrogen tetrafluoride |
3. Give the name or formula for these common acids.
- |        |                            |                |                  |
|--------|----------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| a. HCl | b. $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$ | c. acetic acid | d. sulfuric acid |
|--------|----------------------------|----------------|------------------|
4. Name and give the charge of the metal cation in each of the following ionic compounds.
- |                             |                         |                    |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| a. $\text{Na}_3\text{PO}_4$ | c. CaS                  | e. $\text{FeCl}_3$ |
| b. $\text{NiCl}_2$          | d. $\text{K}_2\text{S}$ | f. CuI             |
5. For each of the following binary compounds, decide whether the compound is expected to be ionic or molecular.
- |                   |                    |                   |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| a. $\text{SeF}_4$ | c. $\text{NH}_3$   | e. $\text{CO}_2$  |
| b. KBr            | d. $\text{MgBr}_2$ | f. $\text{PCl}_5$ |

## SECTION 6.6 SUMMARY OF NAMING AND FORMULA WRITING

1. Write the formulas for these compounds.
- |                       |                         |                        |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| a. potassium sulfide  | e. hydrobromic acid     | i. sulfur hexafluoride |
| b. tin(IV) chloride   | f. aluminum fluoride    | j. magnesium chloride  |
| c. dihydrogen sulfide | g. dinitrogen pentoxide | k. phosphoric acid     |
| d. calcium oxide      | h. iron(III) carbonate  | l. nitric acid         |

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

2. Complete this table by writing correct formulas for the compounds formed by combining positive and negative ions.

	$\text{SO}_4^{2-}$	$\text{NO}_3^-$	$\text{OH}^-$	$\text{PO}_4^{3-}$
$\text{Ca}^{2+}$				
$\text{Al}^{3+}$				
$\text{Na}^+$				
$\text{Pb}^{4+}$				

3. Name the following compounds.

